

BILL SUMMARY
2nd Session of the 56th Legislature

Bill No.:	SB 1128
Version:	FA1
Request Number:	
Author:	Rep, Derby
Date:	4/26/2018
Impact:	\$0

Research Analysis

The FA1 to SB 1128 provides that a practitioner may not issue an initial prescription for an opioid drug which is a prescription drug in a quantity exceeding a seven-day supply for treatment of acute pain for an adult patient, or a seven-day supply for treatment of acute pain for a patient under the age of eighteen years old. Prior to issuing an initial prescription, the practitioner must document a thorough medical history, conduct a physical exam, develop a treatment plan, utilize the central repository, limit the supply for acute pain to no more than 7 days, enter into a patient-provider agreement with the parent of a patient under 18 years of age or if the patient is pregnant. The measure allows a practitioner to issue a subsequent prescription not to exceed seven days under certain circumstances. The measure allows for a 14-day supply to be prescribed after the performance of a surgical procedure under certain circumstances. The measure provides procedures upon the issuance of a third or subsequent prescription for acute or chronic pain.

Prepared By: Brad Wolgamott

Fiscal Analysis

The floor amendment has no fiscal implications to the state. The floor amendment removes Section 7 of the CS which created the “Oklahoma Electronic Prescribing Pilot Program” that was subject to the availability of funds.

Prepared By: Stacy Johnson

Other Considerations

None.